From Laboratory of Gene Regulation

Template Activating Factor-I α Regulates Retroviral Silencing during Reprogramming



We use replication-defective and persistent Sendai virus (SeVdp)-based vectors to monitor retroviral silencing during reprogramming and find that the silencing occurs earlier than acquisition of pluripotency. The insertional chromatin immunoprecipitation (iChIP) identifies TAF-I α , a SET/TAF-I isoform predominant in ESCs, as a factor that facilitates the retroviral silencing.

References: Bui et al., *Cell Reports*. 2019; 29(7): 1909-1922. Contact: Prof. K Nishimura, Prof. K Hisatake